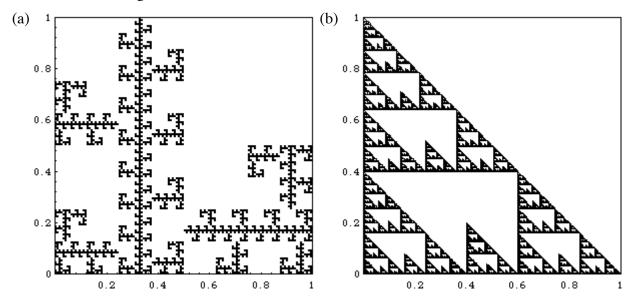
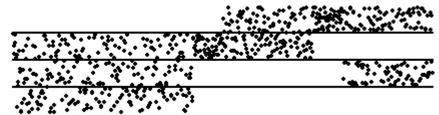
## **Practice Exam 1**

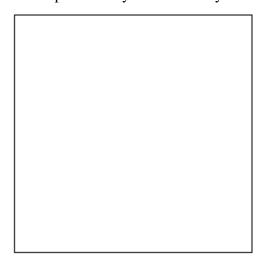
1. Find IFS rules to generate these fractals.



- 2. Find the similarity dimensions of the fractals (a) and (b) of problem 1. If you use the Moran equation, solve it exactly, or explain why it cannot be solved exactly.
- 3. Consider the time series shown below, with the bin boundaries given by the horizontal lines.

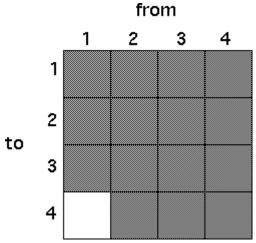


Sketch the resulting driven IFS. Explain how you arrived at your sketch.



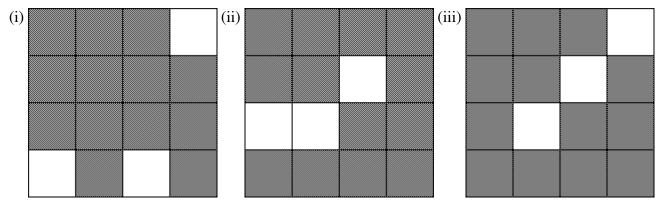
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4. Recall we represent allowed pairs in a driven IFS by a table, with shaded boxes indicating the allowed pairs. For example, the table

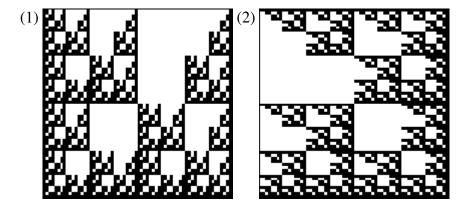


indicates all pairs are allowed, except that  $T_4$  cannot follow  $T_1$ .

Which of these tables



corresponds to the driven IFS generating each of these images? Give a reason supporting your answer.



- 5. (a) Show that for A, B, and C in n-dimensional space,  $\dim(A \cap B \cap C) = \dim(A) + \dim(B) + \dim(C) 2n$ .
- (b) Compute the intersection of three gaskets in 2-dimensional space.

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- (c) Compute the intersection of three gaskets in 3-dimensional space.
- 6. Suppose a fractal in the plane is made of four pieces, each scaled by a factor of r. If r > 1/2, show the similarity dimension formula gives d > 2. Yet we know any subset of the plane has d <= 2. Reconcile these two contradictory observations. For simplicity, you may assume the fractal has four corners, and those coincide with the corners of the unit square.

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