

## HOMEWORK 2

**Problem 1 (5pts).** Let  $G_1, G_2$  be algebraic groups such that  $G_1 = \mathbb{G}_a^n$  and the connected component  $G_2^\circ$  is a torus. Show that there are no nontrivial algebraic group homomorphisms between  $G_1, G_2$  in either direction.

**Problem 2 (4pts).** Let  $H$  be a connected algebraic group and  $Z$  be a finite normal subgroup of  $H$ . Show that  $Z$  is in the center of  $H$ .

**Problem 3 (4pts).** Let  $G$  be a semisimple algebraic group,  $\mathfrak{g}$  its Lie algebra and  $x \in \mathfrak{g}$ . Assume that the centralizer  $Z_G(x)$  is reductive. Show that  $x$  is semisimple. You are allowed to use facts proved in Lecture 9.

**Extra-credit problem.** This problem explains the classification of nilpotent orbits in the classical Lie algebras  $\mathfrak{so}_n, \mathfrak{sp}_n$  (in the latter case  $n$  is even, of course).

a) Show that the nilpotent  $O_n$ -orbits in  $\mathfrak{so}_n$  and the nilpotent  $Sp_n$ -orbits in  $\mathfrak{sp}_n$  are uniquely recovered from their Jordan types (a partition of  $n$ ).

b) The partitions appearing for  $\mathfrak{so}_n$  (resp.,  $\mathfrak{sp}_n$ ) are precisely those where the multiplicity of every even (resp., odd) part is even.

c) Show that a nilpotent  $O_n$ -orbit splits into two  $SO_n$ -orbits if and only if the parts of the corresponding partition are all even.